

Volume optimization of a cuboid [36 marks]

1. [Maximum marks: 11]

A piece of paper has 4 square edges of size x cut out. It is then folded up to make a cuboid with an open top.



- (a) Find an expression for the volume of the cuboid formed when the original paper was a square of length 20cm. [1]
- (b) Use calculus to find the value of x that gives the maximum volume. [3]
- (c) By sketching a graph, find the value of x that gives the maximum volume when the original paper is a square with sides:
- (i) 10cm.
- (ii) 30cm. [5]
- (d) Hence find the value of x which gives a maximum volume of an m by m square. [2]

2. [Maximum marks: 25]

Next we will explore a 10 by n rectangle.

- (a) Show that the value of x which gives the maximum volume is given by:

$$x = \frac{40 + 4n - 4\sqrt{(n-5)^2 + 75}}{24} \quad [7]$$

- (b) Use this equation to find the value of x which gives the maximum volume for a 10 by 30 rectangle. [2]

- (c) We will now investigate what happens to this value of x as n tends to infinity, ie:

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{40 + 4n - 4\sqrt{(n-5)^2 + 75}}{24}$$

By making the substitution $n = \frac{\sqrt{75}}{u} + 5$ show that this can be written as:

$$\lim_{u \rightarrow 0} \frac{15 + \frac{\sqrt{75}}{u} - \sqrt{75} \frac{1}{u} \sqrt{1 + u^2}}{6} \quad [4]$$

- (d) Find the binomial expansion of $\sqrt{1 + u^2}$ until the u^4 term [3]
- (e) Hence find the value that x approaches as n tends to infinity for an n by n rectangle [5]
- (f) By a similar process we can arrive at the following equation for an m by n rectangle

$$\lim_{u \rightarrow 0} \frac{\left(4m + 4\left(\sqrt{\frac{3m^2}{4}} + \frac{m}{2}\right) - 4\sqrt{\frac{3m^2}{4}} \frac{1}{u} \sqrt{1 + u^2} \right)}{24}$$

Find the value that x approaches as n tends to infinity for an m by n rectangle

[4]